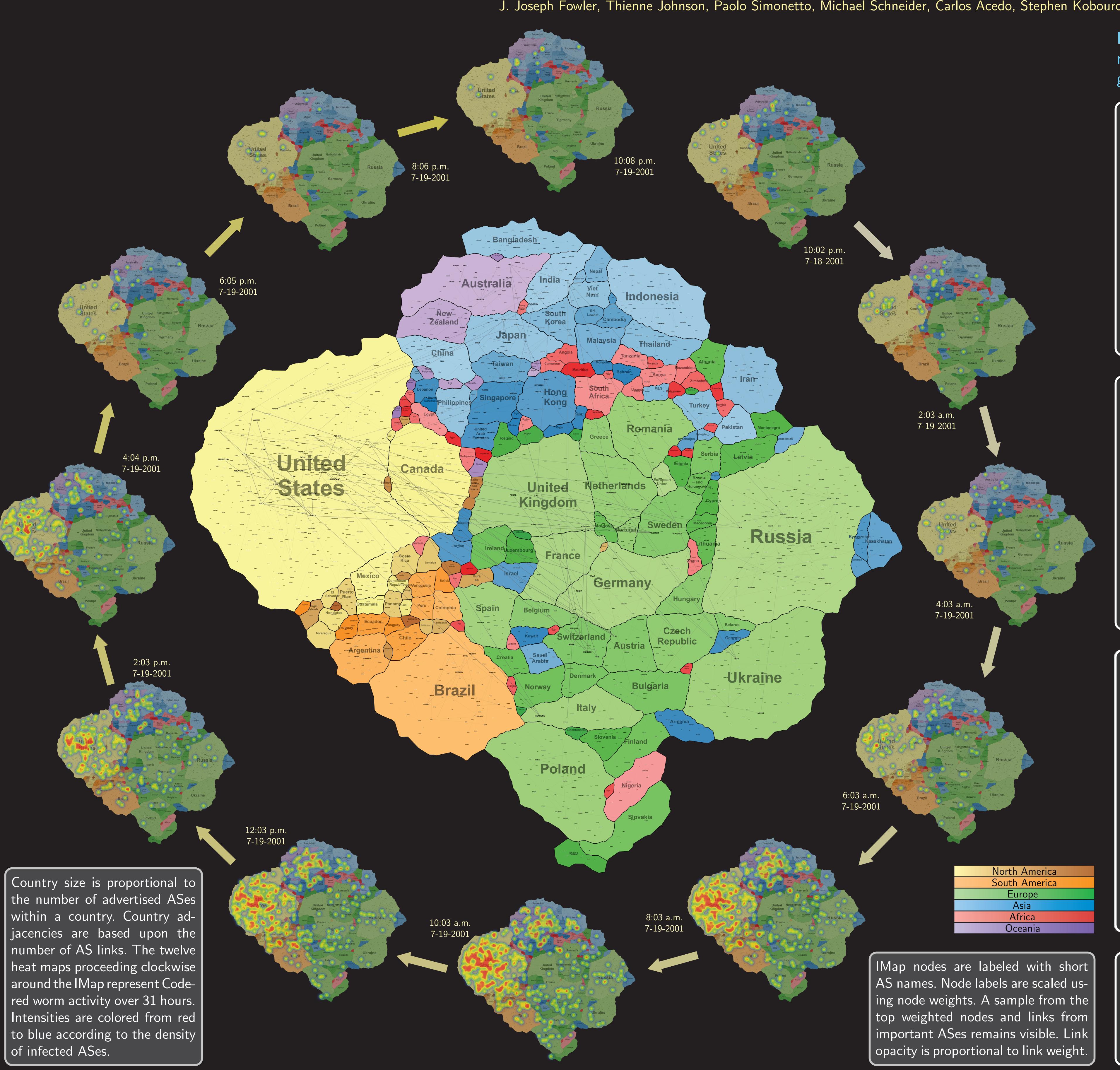
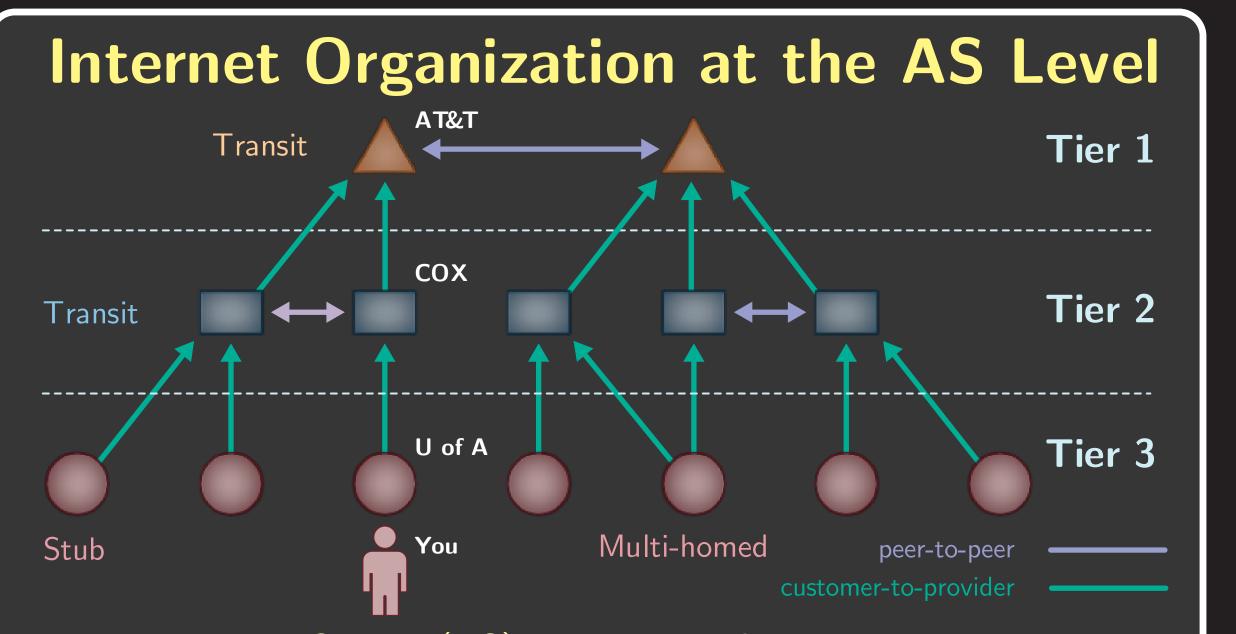
IMAP: VISUALIZING NETWORK ACTIVITY OVER INTERNET MAPS

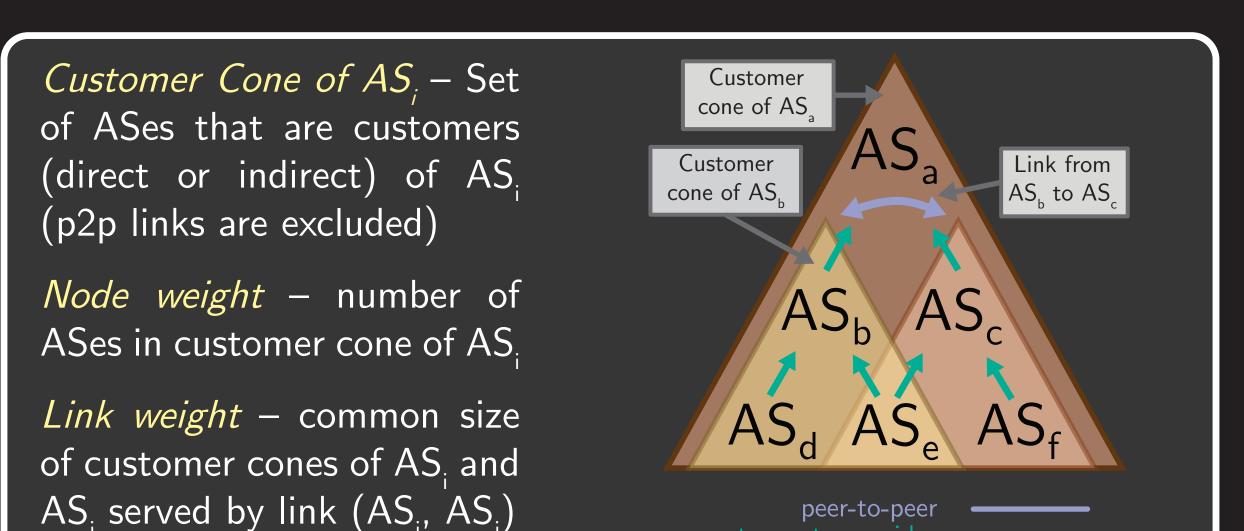
J. Joseph Fowler, Thienne Johnson, Paolo Simonetto, Michael Schneider, Carlos Acedo, Stephen Kobourov, Loukas Lazos - University of Arizona



IMap represents the Internet topology as a geographic-like map of the world. Large volumes of dynamic network data are overlaid in the form of heat maps to facilitate the detection of security threats. Aggregated IP traffic is mapped to geographic points based on the traffic origin.



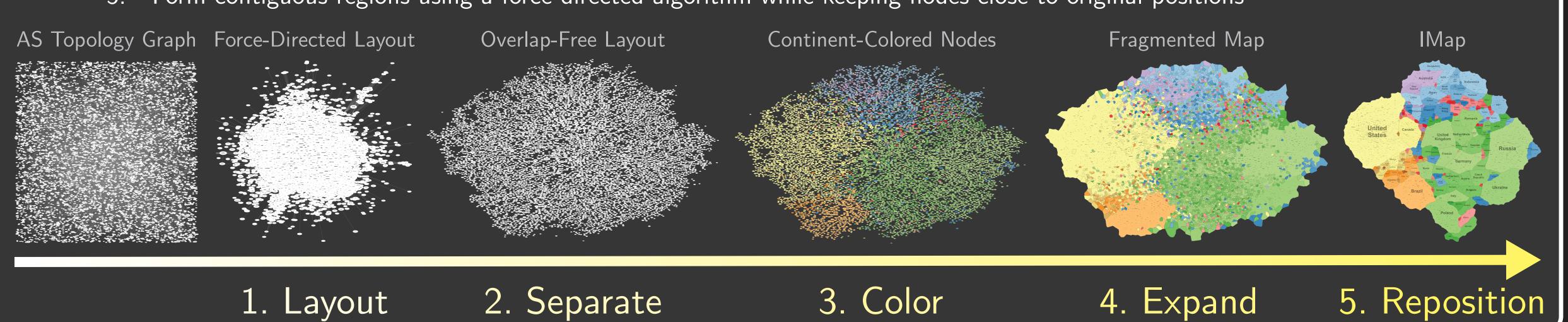
An Autonomous System (AS) is a group of computer networks, typically under the same administrative authority, using the same routing policy. Business relationships at the AS level govern the flow of network traffic across the Internet. The Internet topology can be abstracted to a hierarchical and directed AS topology graph.

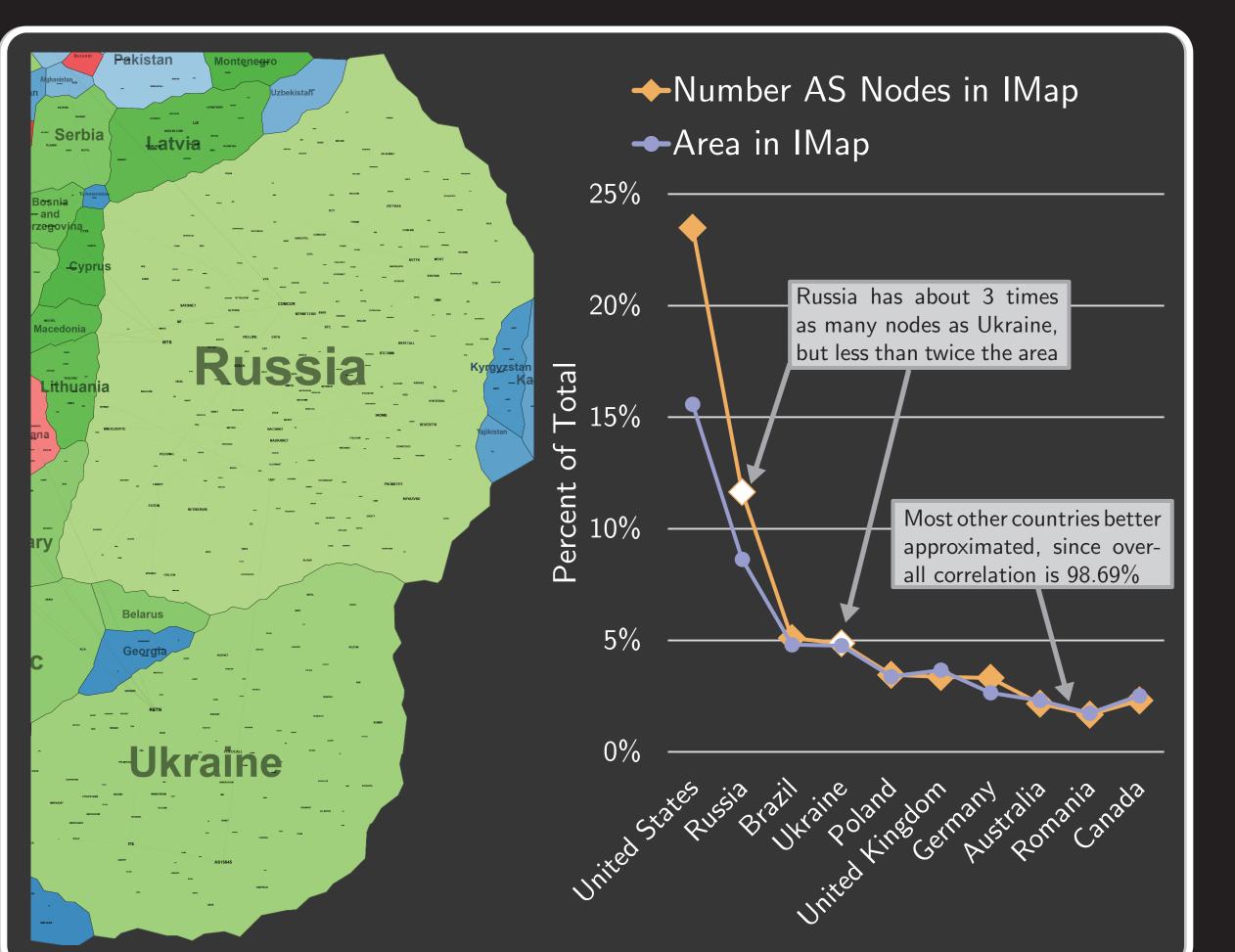


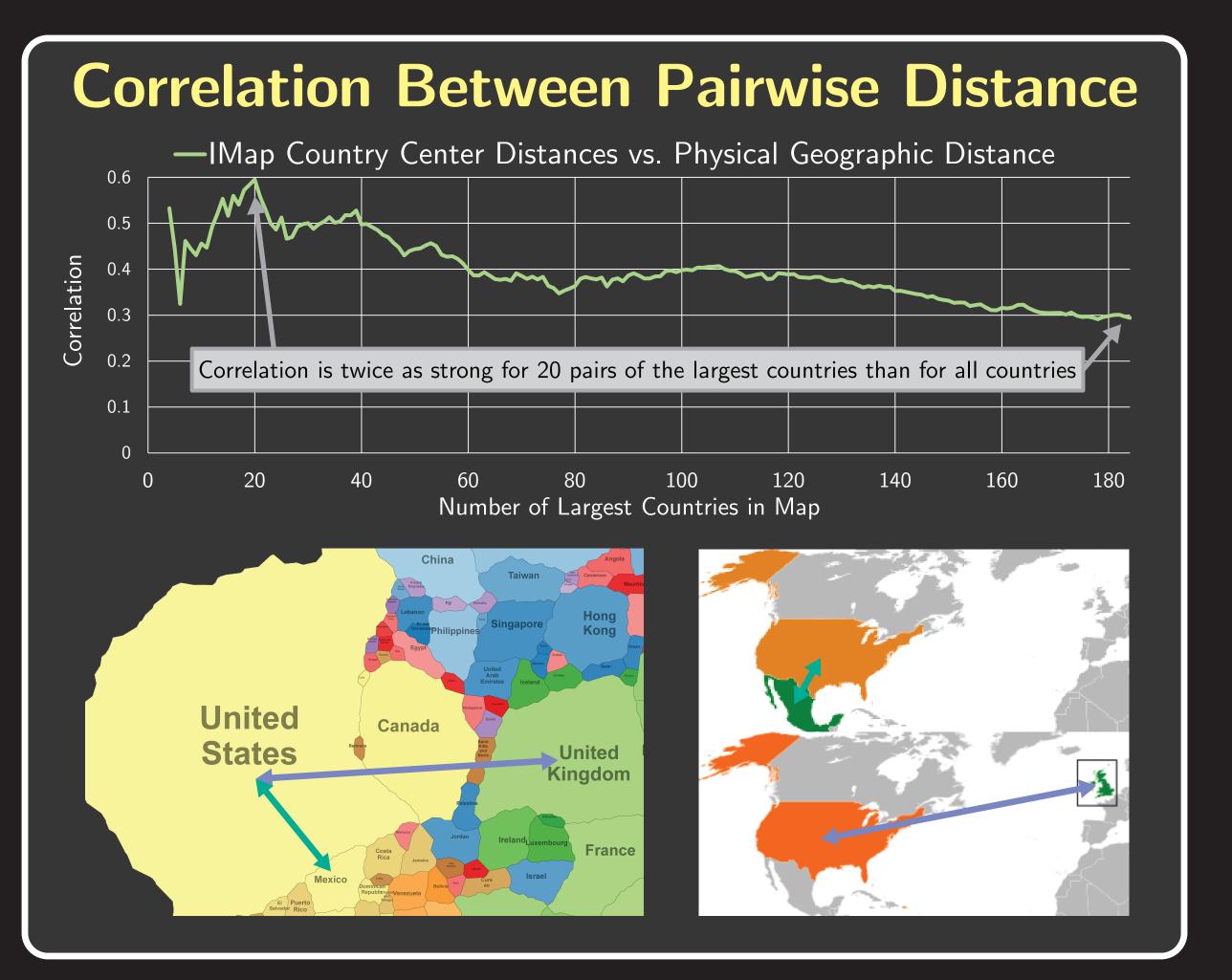
Number of registered ASes (2014): 67,494
Number of ASes used to create IMap: 45,220
Number of stub ASes aggregated to transit ASes: 35,059
Number of aggregated transit ASes: 10,161
Number of transit AS-to-transit AS links: 177,510

Five-step process for generating an IMap from the AS topology graph:

- 1. Apply force-directed layout, which models physical forces, to create meaningful node positioning based on link weights
- 2. Separate and spread out nodes keeping relative proximities to eliminate node overlap
- 3. Color nodes by continent while shading countries from the largest to the smallest in terms of the number of nodes
- 4. Expand nodes to fill in gaps in order to create a geographic-like map with a surrounding ocean
- . Form contiguous regions using a force-directed algorithm while keeping nodes close to original positions







On July 19th, 2001, a variant of the Code-Red worm appeared and spread very rapidly around the world. Each hotspot represents an AS that contained a computer host infected by the worm. The worm reached many ASes within a very short time of its existence. Data was obtained from CAIDA¹.

1. http://www.caida.org/data/passive/codered_worms_dataset.xml

